

### 3-1

1~4 略

5.  $\frac{2as}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}$

6. 前問 5. について第一移動定理(表 3.1 の⑤)を適用すると

$$\frac{2a(s-b)}{\{(s-b)^2 + a^2\}^2}$$

表 3.1 の④を適用しても同じ結果が得られます。

### 3-2

1. (1)  $\frac{1}{4}(1 - e^{-4t})$

(2)  $2e^{-3t} \cos 2t$

(3)  $2 - 3e^{-t} + e^{-3t}$

(4)  $\frac{t^3}{6}e^{2t} + te^{2t}$

(5)  $\frac{e^{-3t}}{3}(1 - \cos 3t)$

(6)  $\frac{1}{3}(1 - \cos 3t)$

(7)  $te^{-3t} \sin t$

(8)  $3e^{-2t} \sin t + e^{-2(t-1)} \sin(t-1) \cdot u(t-1)$

2.

(1)  $f(t) = t^2, g(t) = e^t$  として  $f(t) * g(t) = \int_0^t x^2 e^{t-x} dx = -t^2 - 2t - 2 + 2e^t$

(2)  $f(t) = \cos at, g(t) = \cos at$  として

$$f(t) * g(t) = \int_0^t \cos ax \cos a(t-x) dx = \frac{1}{2}t \cos at + \frac{1}{2a} \sin at$$

(3)  $f(t) = \sin 2t, g(t) = e^t$  として

$$f(t) * g(t) = \int_0^t \sin 2x \cdot e^{t-x} dx = \frac{1}{5}(2e^t - 2 \cos 2t - \sin 2t)$$

**3-3**

$$1. \quad Y(s) = \frac{3}{s^2 + 9} \quad \text{↯} \quad y(t) = \sin 3t$$

$$2. \quad Y(s) = \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s+4} \right) \quad \text{↯} \quad y(t) = \frac{1}{4} (1 - e^{-4t})$$

$$3. \quad Y(s) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{2}{(s+1)^2 + 4} \quad \text{↯} \quad y(t) = \frac{1}{2} e^{-t} \sin 2t$$

$$4. \quad Y(s) = \frac{bs^2 + cs + a}{s \cdot (s^2 + \omega^2)} \quad \text{↯} \quad y(t) = \frac{a}{\omega^2} - \frac{a - b\omega^2}{\omega^2} \cos \omega t + \frac{c}{\omega} \sin \omega t$$

$$5. \quad Y(s) = \frac{8(s+1)}{(s^2 + 9)(s^2 + 1)} \quad \text{↯} \quad y(t) = -\cos 3t - \frac{1}{3} \sin 3t + \cos t + \sin t$$

$$6. \quad Y(s) = \frac{1 - e^{-s} + s^2}{s(s^2 + 4)} \quad \text{↯} \quad y(t) = \frac{1}{4} (1 + 3 \cos 2t) - \frac{1}{4} [1 - \cos 2(t-1)] u(t-1)$$

$$7. \quad Y(s) = \frac{e^{-s} + 3}{s^2 + 4s + 7} \quad \text{↯} \quad y(t) = \sqrt{3} e^{-2t} \sin \sqrt{3} t + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} e^{-2(t-1)} \sin \sqrt{3} (t-1) \cdot u(t-1)$$

#### 4-1

$$(1) \quad f(x) \sim -\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2 \cdot (-1)^n}{n} \sin nx$$

$$(2) \quad f(x) \sim 1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{(2n-1)\pi} \sin(2n-1)x$$

$$(3) \quad f(x) \sim \frac{\pi^2}{6} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ \frac{2}{n^2} (-1)^n \cos nx + \left\{ -\frac{\pi}{n} (-1)^n + \frac{2}{n^3 \pi} \{(-1)^n - 1\} \right\} \sin nx \right]$$

#### 4-2

$$1. \quad f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} \left\{ \frac{2a \sin \omega a}{\pi \omega} + 2 \cdot \frac{1 - a \omega \sin \omega a - \cos \omega a}{\pi \omega^2} \right\} \cos \omega x d\omega$$

$$2. \quad f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2 \sin \pi \omega}{\pi (1 - \omega^2)} \sin \omega x d\omega$$

#### 4-3

$$1. \quad (a) \quad F(\omega) = \frac{i}{\sqrt{2\pi} \cdot \omega} (e^{-i\omega} - 1), \quad (b) \quad F(\omega) = \frac{i}{\sqrt{2\pi} \cdot \omega} e^{-i2\omega} (e^{-i\omega} - 1)$$

$$2. \quad F(\omega) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} (1 + i\omega)^2}$$

4-4 (フーリエ変換を用いた場合、特殊解 (定常解) のみが現れます。)

$$(1) \quad f(t) = \frac{1}{5} (\sin t - 2 \cos t)$$

$$(\text{一般解は } f(t) = \frac{1}{5} (\sin t - 2 \cos t) + C_1 e^{-t} \cos t + C_2 e^{-t} \sin t, \quad C_1, C_2 \text{ は定数})$$

$$(2) \quad f(t) = \frac{1}{3 + 4i\omega_o - \omega_o^2} e^{i\omega_o t} = \frac{1}{(1 + i\omega_o)(3 + i\omega_o)} e^{i\omega_o t}$$

$$(\text{一般解は } f(t) = \frac{1}{(1 + i\omega_o)(3 + i\omega_o)} e^{i\omega_o t} + C_1 e^{-t} + C_2 e^{-3t}, \quad C_1, C_2 \text{ は定数})$$

5-1

$$\begin{cases} u(0,t)=0 \\ u(3,t)=0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} u(0,t)=0 \\ u(2,t)=0 \end{cases} \quad (\text{問題文訂正})$$

$$u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos \frac{3n\pi}{2} t \cdot \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} x = \frac{8}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{3n\pi}{2} t \cdot \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} x$$

または

$$u(x,t) = \frac{8}{\pi^2} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{m+1}}{(2m-1)^2} \cos \frac{3(2m-1)\pi}{2} t \cdot \sin \frac{(2m-1)\pi}{2} x$$

5-2

$$u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos 2n\pi t \cdot \sin n\pi x = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{n\pi}{10} \cdot \cos 2n\pi t \cdot \sin n\pi x$$

または

$$u(x,t) = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{m+1}}{2m-1} \sin \frac{(2m-1)\pi}{10} \cdot \cos 2(2m-1)\pi t \cdot \sin (2m-1)\pi x$$

5-3

$$\begin{aligned} u(x,t) &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} x \cdot e^{-\frac{5}{4}n^2\pi^2 t} = -\frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos n\pi}{n} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} x \cdot e^{-\frac{5}{4}n^2\pi^2 t} \\ &= \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} x \cdot e^{-\frac{5}{4}n^2\pi^2 t} \end{aligned}$$

5-4

$$u(x,t) = \int_0^{\infty} A(k) \cos kx \cdot e^{-k^2 t} dk = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin k}{k} \cos kx \cdot e^{-k^2 t} dk$$

5-5

$$\begin{aligned} u(x,y) &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x \cdot \sinh \frac{n\pi}{a} y \\ &= \frac{4a}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( n^2 \cdot \sinh \frac{n\pi b}{a} \right)^{-1} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x \cdot \sinh \frac{n\pi}{a} y \end{aligned}$$

または

$$u(x,y) = \frac{4a}{\pi^2} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \left( (2m-1)^2 \cdot \sinh \frac{(2m-1)\pi b}{a} \right)^{-1} (-1)^{m+1} \cdot \sin \frac{(2m-1)\pi}{a} x \cdot \sinh \frac{(2m-1)\pi}{a} y$$